

Physical activity for health in Finland: from evidence to program and policy action

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Wien

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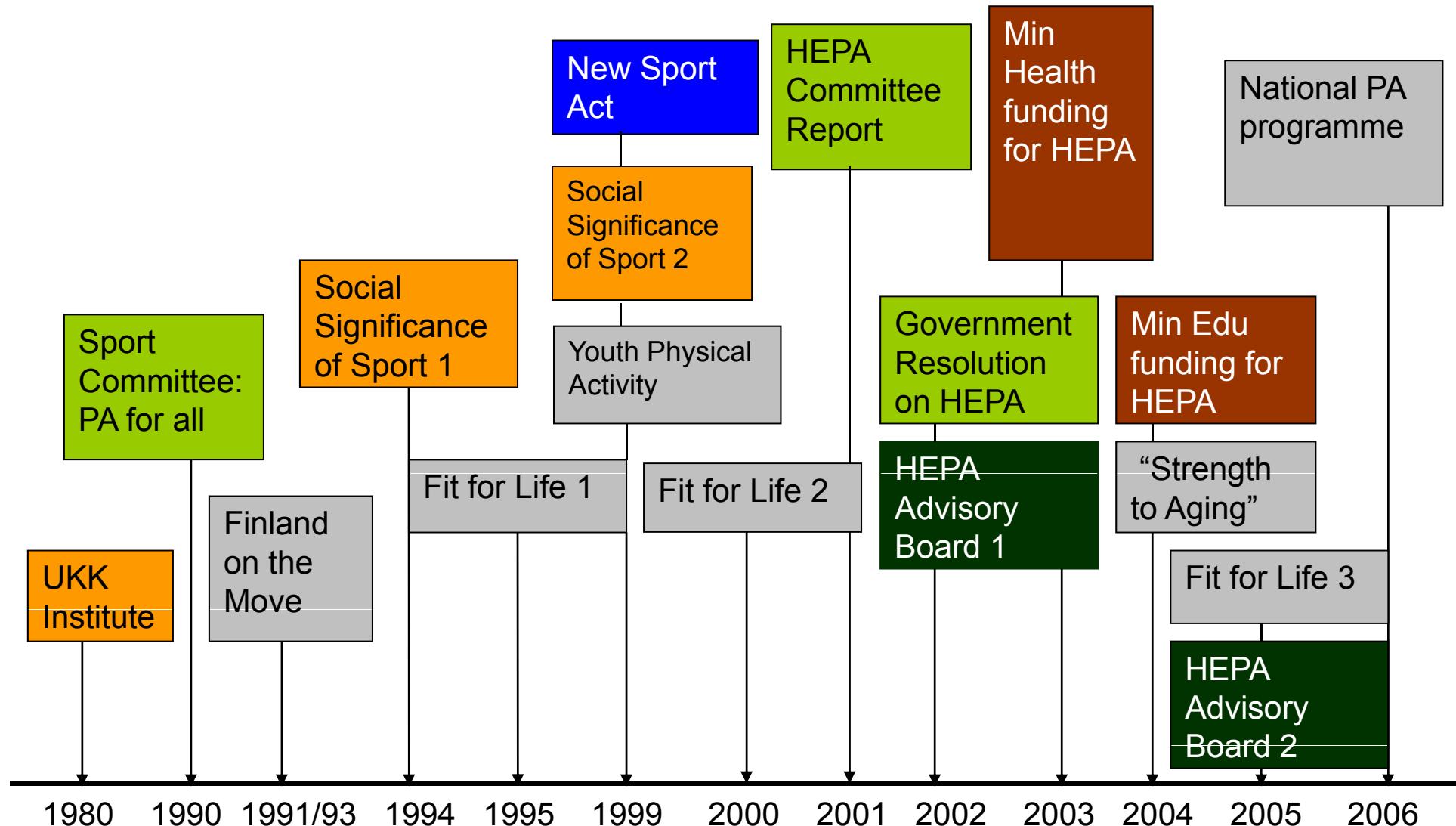
Outline

- Policy and program actions to promote HEPA in Finland 1980-2010
- How successful has it been?
 - Population physical activity
 - Health-related fitness
- Lessons learned and future directions

Actions to advance HEPA in Finland

- Evidence
- Programmes
- Recommendations
- Policies
- Organisation
- Funding

HEPA development in Finland



Evidence base

- UKK Institute for Health Promotion Research
 - specialised HEPA research institute
- LIKES – Foundation for Sport and Health Sciences
 - in affiliation with University of Jyväskylä
- HEPA research
 - publications
 - advocacy
 - training
 - program support
 - services

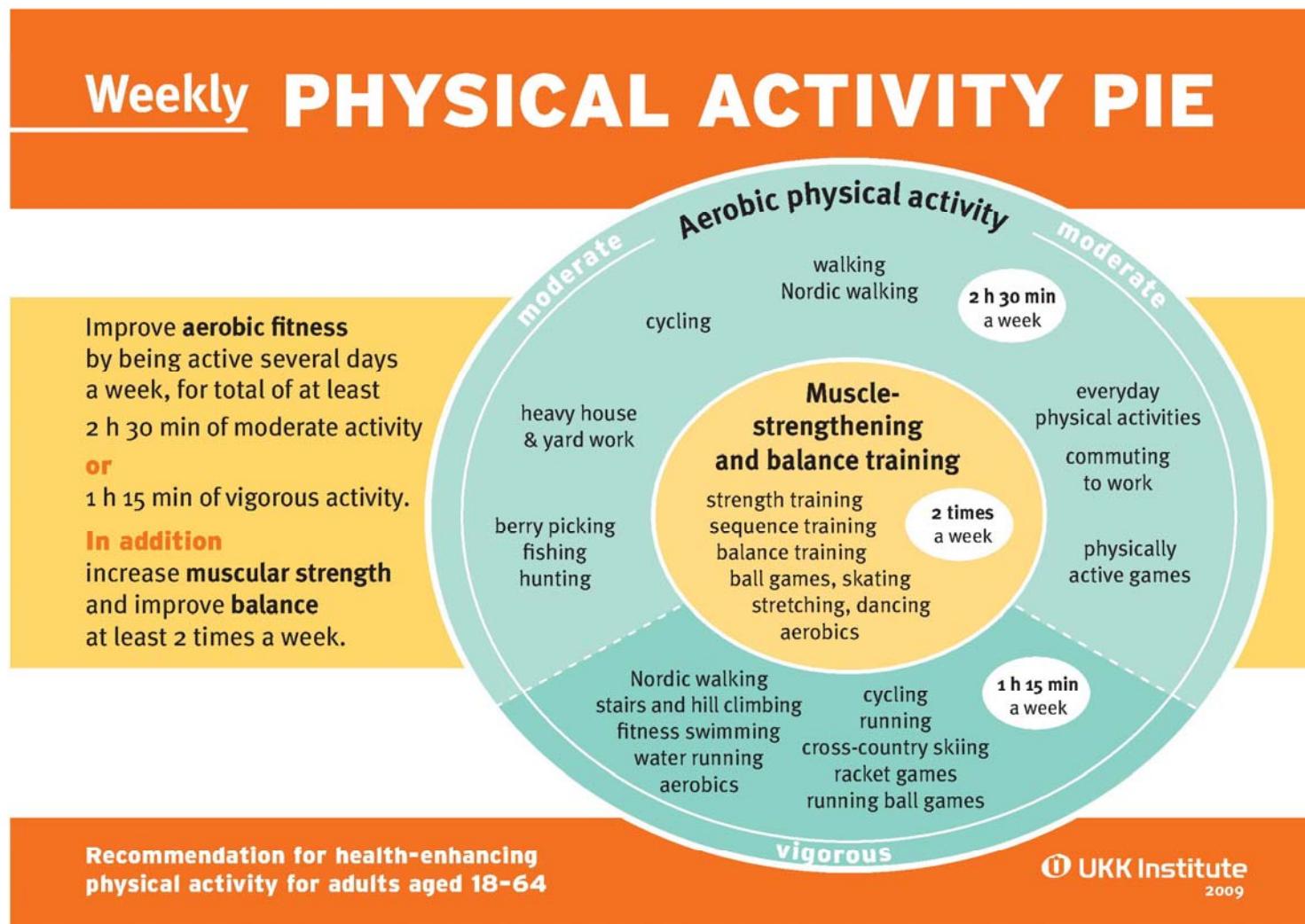
National HEPA programmes

- "Fit for Life"
 - founded in 1995
 - 4th 5-year phase
 - based on local projects (>700)
 - focus on inactive middle-aged people
 - provides
 - seed money
 - training
 - information
 - consultation
- "Strength in Old Age"
 - 2005-2010
 - includes 35 local projects
 - targets on 75+ people
 - provides supervised muscle strengthening and balance exercises

Physical activity recommendations

- Quality Recommendations of Guided Health-Enhancing Physical Activities for the Elderly (2004)
- Physical Activity in Early Childhood Education (2005)
- Physical Activity of School Aged Children (2008)
- Physical Activity Pie (2009)

UKK Institute's pa PIE



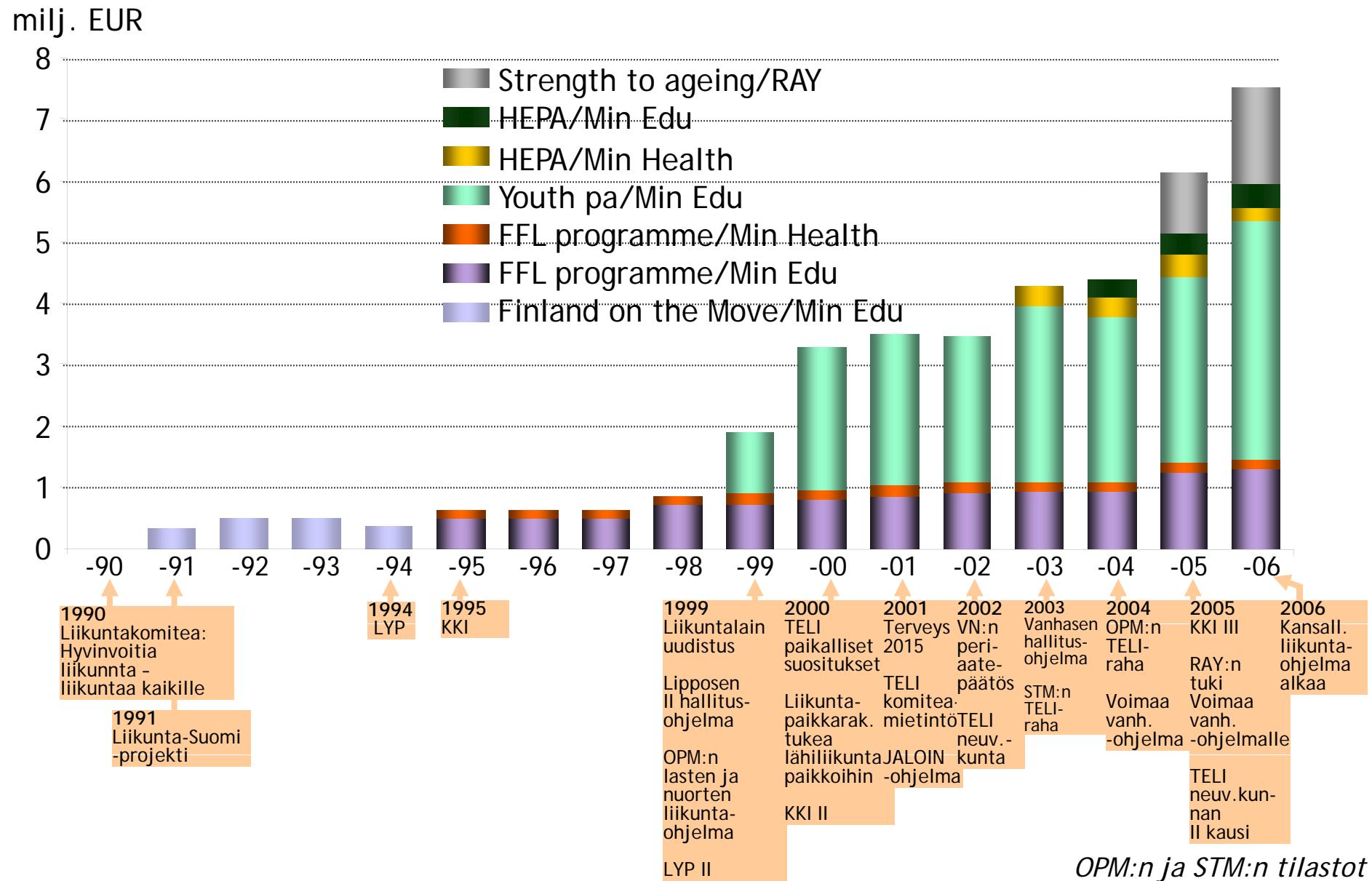
Policy guidelines

- "Government resolutions"
 - high profile policy guidelines issued by acting government
 - targets and directions for different governmental sectors
- Guidelines for the Development of Health-Enhancing Physical Activity
 - Ministry of Social Affairs and Health (2002)
- Development Guidelines for Health-Enhancing Physical Activity and Nutrition
 - Ministry of Social Affairs and Health (2008)
- Policies promoting Sport and Physical Activity
 - Ministry of Education (2009)

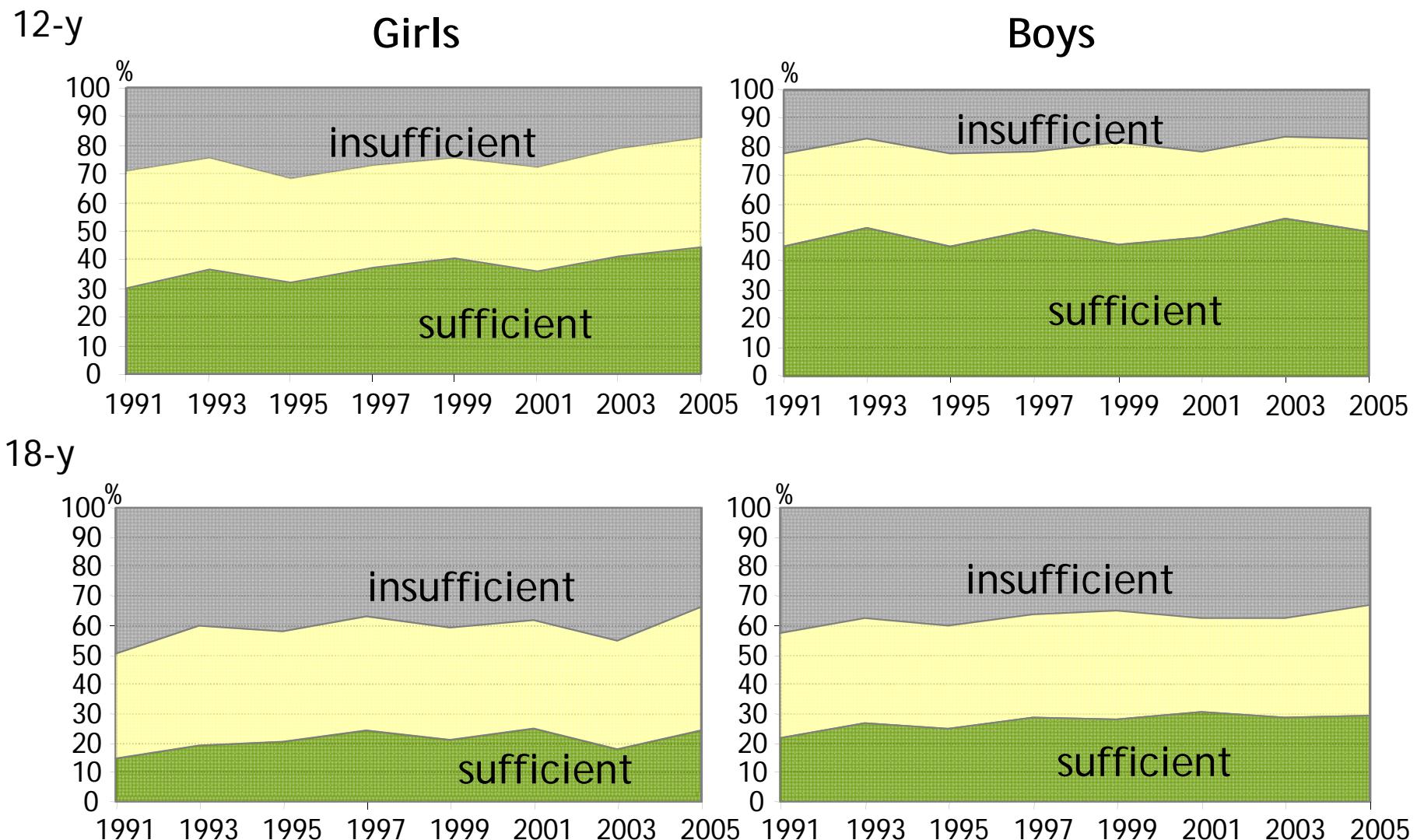
State HEPA organisation

- **Ministry of Education**
 - Department of Cultural, Youth and Sport Policy
 - Sport Division
- **Ministry of Social Affairs and Health**
 - Department for Promotion of Welfare and Health
 - Health Promotion Group
 - HEPA Advisory Board

State funding and major actions for HEPA promotion: 1990 - 2006

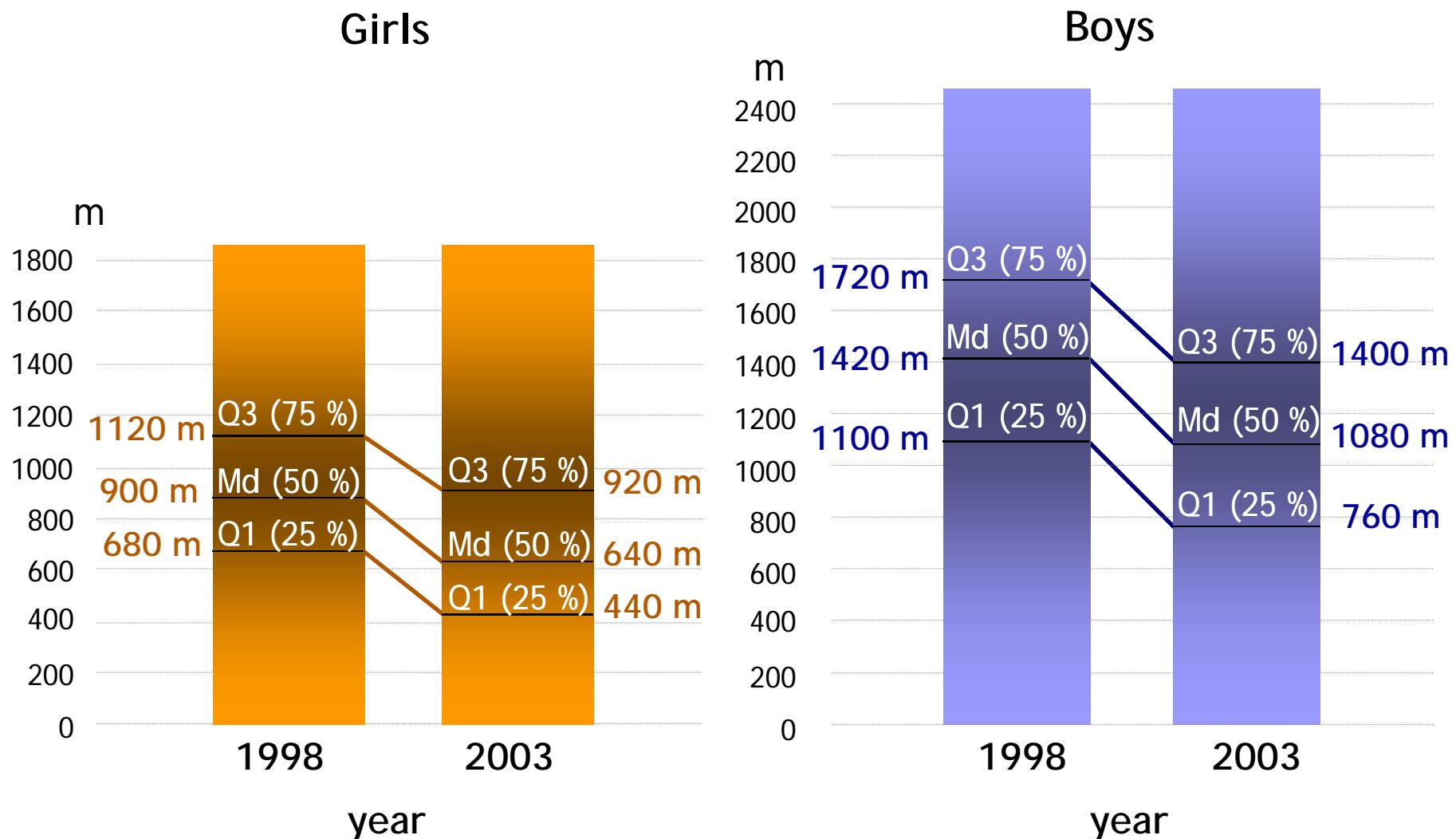


Sufficiency of LTPA among youth: 1991 - 2005

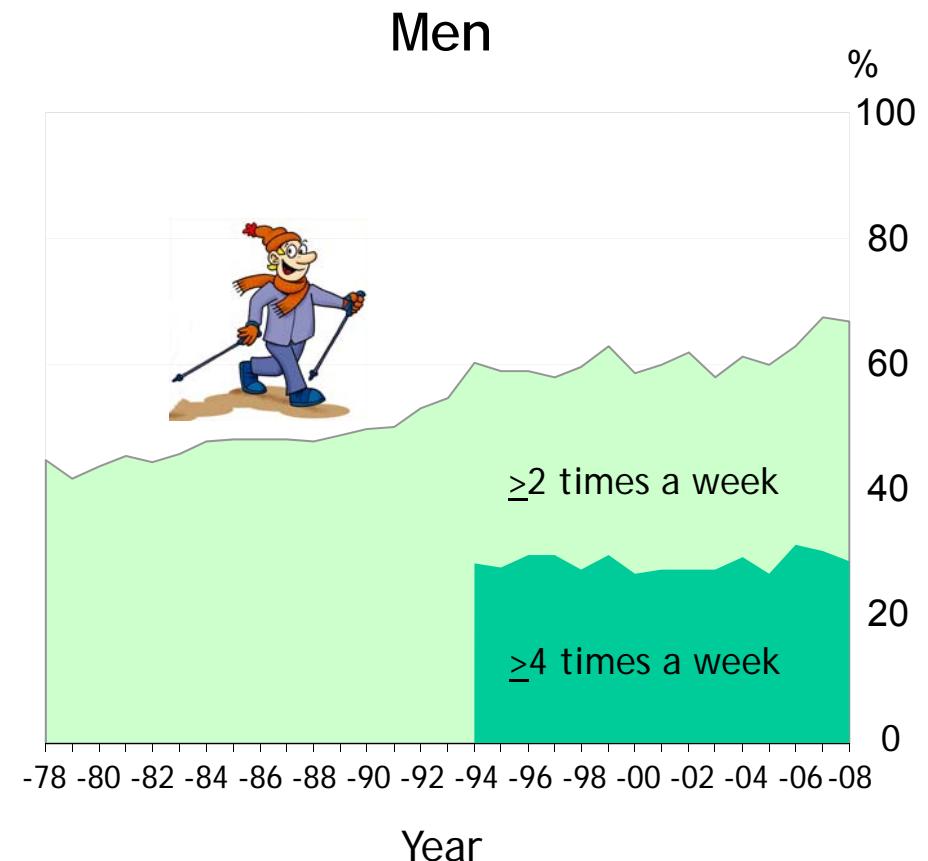
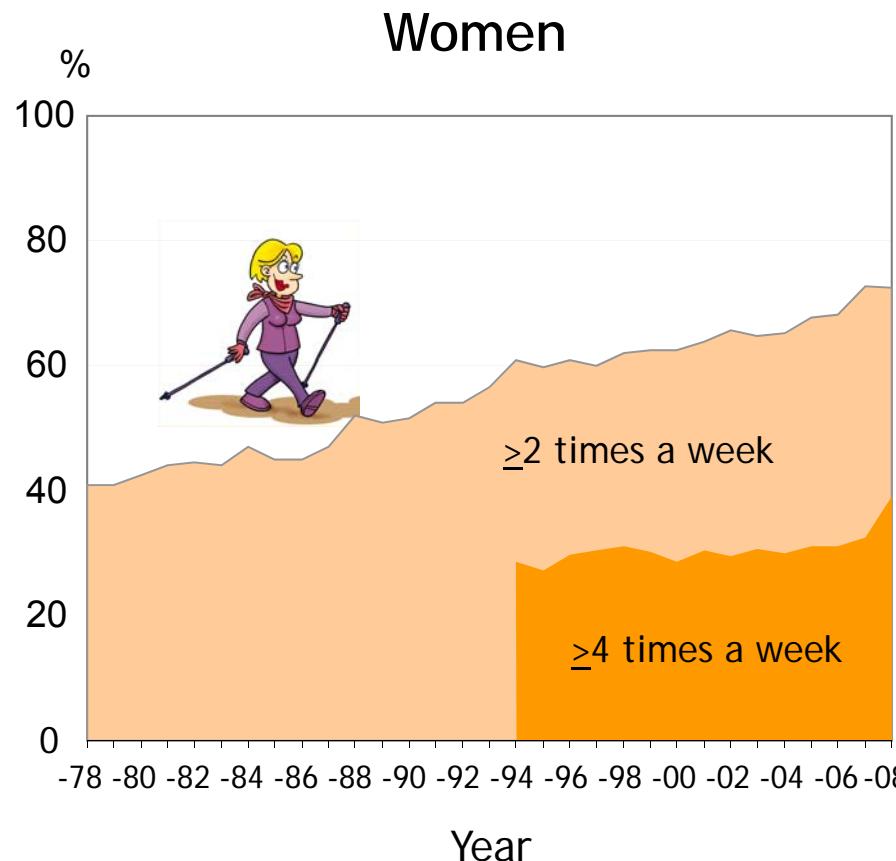


Nuorten terveystapaturkimukset 1991 - 2005 (Tay ym.)

Endurance shuttle-run in 9-grade boys and girls, medians 75 % and 25 %:
1998 and 2003

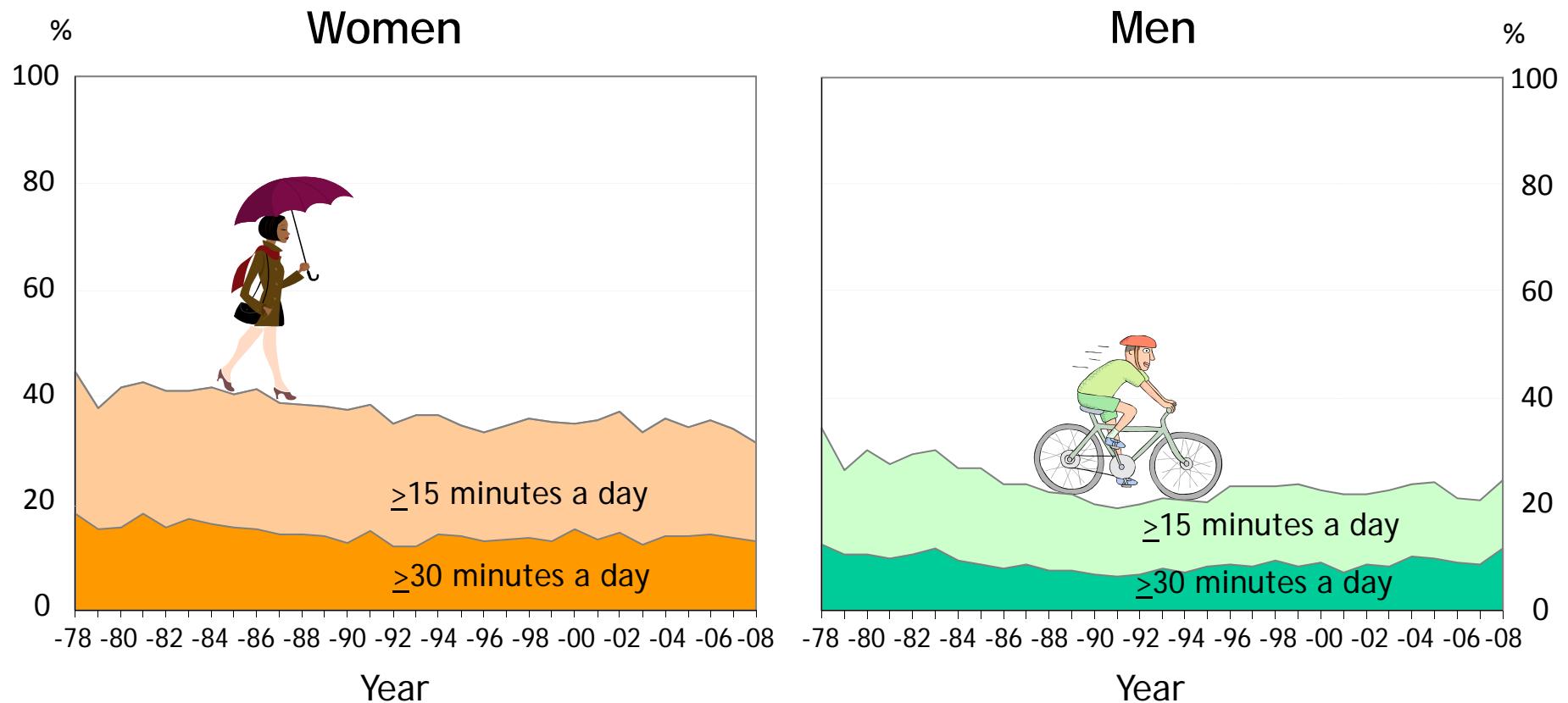


Proportion of those among 15-64-year-olds who pursue leisure time physical activities for least 30 min at least 2 and at least 4 times a week in 1978 - 2008



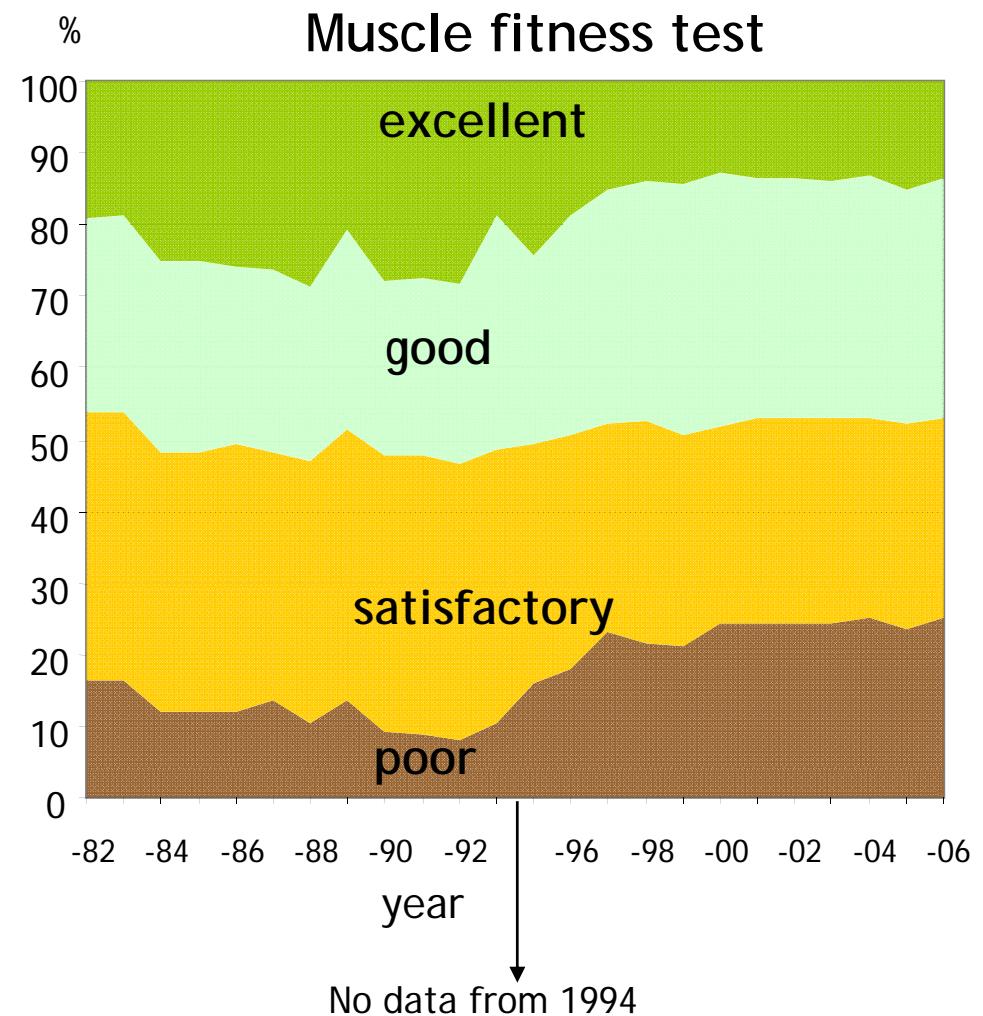
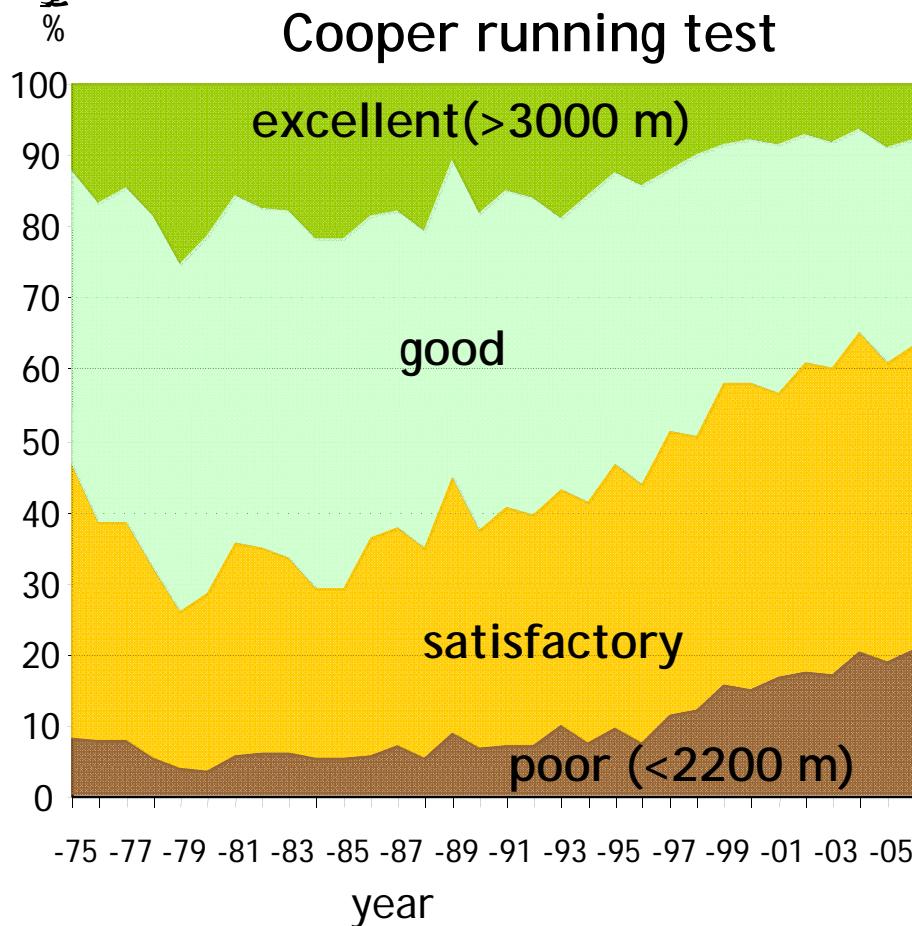
Source: *Health Behaviour and Health among Finnish Adult Population 1978 - 2008 (National Institute for Health and Welfare)*

Proportion of those among 15-64-year-olds who spend at least 15 minutes and at least 30 minutes a day walking or cycling to and from work in 1978 - 2008

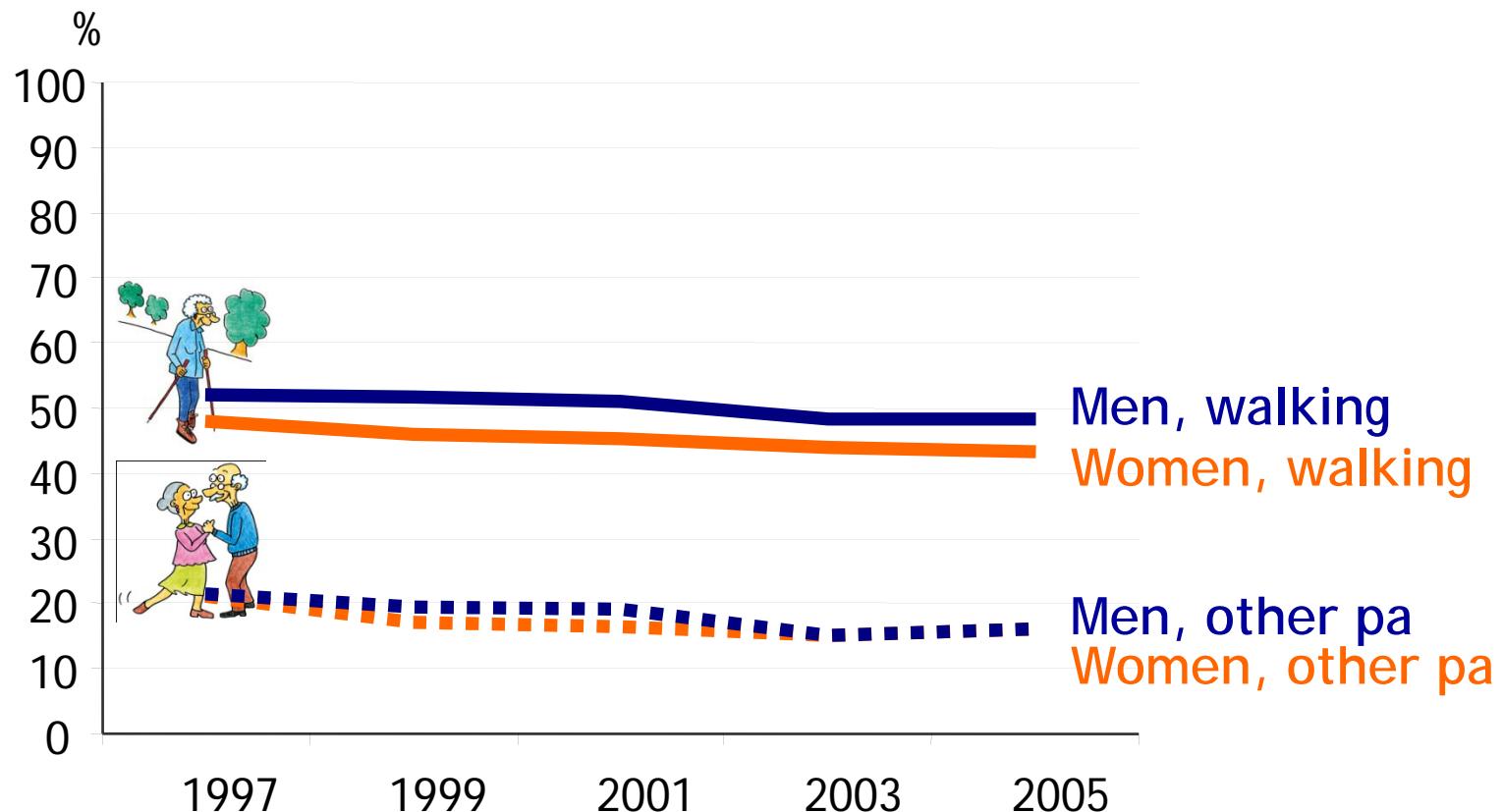


Source: *Health Behaviour and Health among Finnish Adult Population 1978 - 2008* (National Institute for Health and Welfare)

Results (%) of Cooper-test and muscle fitness test among Finnish conscripts: 1982 - 2006



Daily pa among 65-84 y old: 1997-2005



Eurobarometer on Sport and Physical Activity (2010)

- Exercise and sport: \geq once a week
 - Finland 72 %
 - Sweden 72 %
 - Denmark 64 %
 - Austria 38 %
- Other physical activity: \geq 5 times a week
 - Latvia 44 %
 - Denmark 43 %
 - Netherlands 43 %
 - Finland 29 %
 - Austria 15 %

Lessons learned and future directions (1)

- government level commitment to hepa promotion crucial →
- hepa promotion evidence-based but funding for research insufficient →
- promotional approaches too general to meet needs of different audiences →
- cross-sectorial collaboration working well
- issue updated Government Resolutions for hepa promotion
- increase funding for relevant hepa research and development
- seek new models to target day care centres, schools, workplaces, primary health care, homes for the elderly

Lessons learned and future directions (2)

- pa not systematically included in urban planning and land use → • create pa-friendly local environments through guidance to municipalities
- pa messages to public still confusing → • issue evidence-based pa recommendations for different target groups
- data on population pa behaviour and its determinants unsystematic → • establish national monitoring system for population hepa and health-related fitness

Summary

- Systematic HEPa promotion in Finland since 1980
- National measures: evidence-base, legislation, policy guidelines, programmes, pa recommendations, organisation, funding
- Population physical activity up, fitness down
- Need targeted promotional models, pa-friendly environments, up-to-date pa recommendations, national monitoring, more money